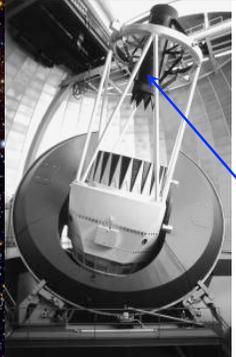


The Photometric Calibration of the Dark Energy Survey

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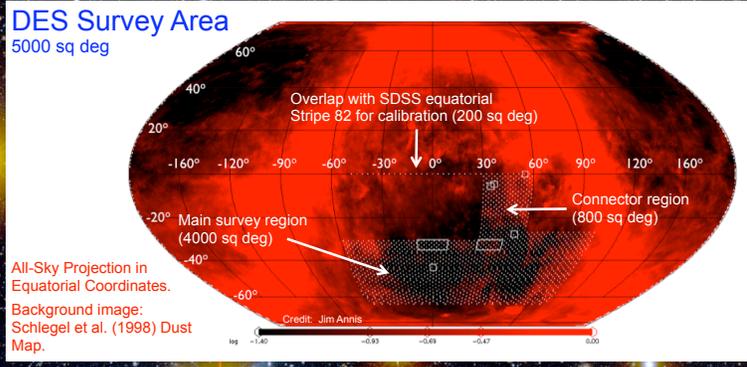
Purpose of the DES
Perform a 5000 sq deg *grizy* imaging survey of the Southern Galactic Cap down to ~24th mag (10σ , galaxies) in order to probe the nature of the Dark Energy by constraining its equation of state parameter w and its energy density.

New Equipment
Replace the Prime Focus cage on the CTIO Blanco 4m telescope with a new 3 sq deg optical CCD camera (DECam).

Survey Period
30% of the telescope time (525 nights) from 2011-2016 (September - February)

DECam Focal Plane (a.k.a., "The Hex")

- 62 2kx4k Science CCDs (520 Megapixels)
- 8 2kx2k Focus/Alignment CCDs
- 4 2kx2k Guide CCDs
- FOV: 2.2° in diameter (3 sq deg in area)
- 0.27 arcsec/pixel
- Red-sensitive (QE > 50% at 1 micron)



DES Observing Strategy

- 100-sec science exposures (nominally)
- 2 filters per pointing (typically)
 - *gr* in dark time
 - *izy* in bright time
- Cover survey area twice per year per filter
 - Each full coverage of the survey area is called a "tiling"
 - It takes 1650 hexes to tile the whole survey area.
- Multiple overlapping tilings (layers) with large overlaps to optimize photometric calibrations
- All-sky photometric accuracy
 - Requirement: 2%
 - Goal: 1%

Zooming in on part of the survey area...

- DES Baseline Calibrations Plan in 4 Points**
(Tucker et al. 2007, ASP Conf. Ser. 364, pp. 187-199 [astro-ph/0611137])
1. **Photometric Monitoring:** Use a 10 μ m All-Sky Cloud Camera to monitor sky conditions throughout the night.
 2. **Nightly or Intermediate Calibrations:** Observe standard star fields with DECam during evening and morning twilight and at least once in the middle of the night.
 3. **Global Relative Calibrations:** Use the extensive overlaps between exposures over multiple tilings to tie together the DES photometry onto an internally consistent system across the entire DES footprint.
 4. **Global Absolute Calibrations:** Use DECam observations of White Dwarf standards [see poster #470.08] in combination with measurements of the full DECam system response to tie the DES photometry onto an AB magnitude system.

Ancillary Observations on the SMARTS/Yale 1-m at CTIO

- Previous runs in April 2008, October 2008, June 2009, and November 2009 provided first on-sky tests of the DECam CCDs, as well as initial test data with the SDSS *ugriz*, Kitt Peak $BVR_{i,c}$, and Gunn *griz* filter sets plus a U+CuSO₄ filter and a narrow-band filter centered at 945nm.
- For our upcoming 2010A run, scheduled for July 4-10, we will have a set of 4-inch DES *grizy* filters. Goals for this run include an initial determination of SDSS \leftrightarrow DES transformations, initial measurements of DES *y*-band standards, and initial characterization of the DES *grizy* colors of various astronomical objects.

47 Tuc on Yale 1m + DECam 2kx2k CCD, November 2009

PreCam Survey

- The PreCam Survey is a proposed quick, bright survey in the DES footprint using a small mosaic of DECam CCDs – the "PreCam" – mounted on a small telescope at CTIO. The goal is to calibrate bright stars in the DES survey area.
- The DES project has approached the University of Michigan's Dept. of Astronomy about possible use of their 0.6-m Curtis-Schmidt telescope for this survey. The telescope is currently dedicated to studies of orbital debris (PI: Patrick Seitzer), funded by NASA's Orbital Debris Program Office at the Johnson Space Center. The proposed DES usage of the Curtis-Schmidt would be in Aug/Sep 2010 and in Nov 2010/Jan 2011, and on a non-interference basis with the debris program.
- The PreCam instrument, which is being constructed at ANL, is a 4kx4k camera using DECam CCDs. On the Curtis-Schmidt, this instrument would have a FOV of 1.6°x1.6° (2.56 sq deg) and a pixel scale of 1.4 arcsec/pixel.

PreCam Survey Benefits and Strategies

Benefits to DES

- PreCam will be effectively a 1/32nd scale version of DECam, and thus useful for testing of DECam systems before DECam commissioning.
- The PreCam Survey will provide hundreds of stars per square degree within the DES footprint and in the DES *grizy* filter system that can be used as extinction standards and *y*-band standards for DES.
- The PreCam Survey will provide an additional data set to help with the global relative calibrations of DES.

Two Alternative PreCam Survey Strategies

- We are currently investigating two alternative strategies for the PreCam Survey. Either strategy would require 100 scheduled nights on the Curtis-Schmidt telescope.

Cover full DES footprint in a single pass

Cover 1/10th of the DES footprint 10x

PreCam Observing Strategy Simulations by Jim Annis and Tom Carter

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DES Funding: DOE, NSF, STFC (UK), Ministry of Education and Science (Spain), FINEP (Brazil), and the Collaborating Institutions.