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# Image Builder Design

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# Basic Structure

The Image Builder will consist of five nodes and a supervisor:

- IB supervisor layer -- 1 Linux system
  - Maintain the current status information of IB nodes
  - Coordinate the connections between monsoon PANs and IB node
- IB – five nodes
  - Collect pixel data from science/focus PANs
  - Combine pixel data with metadata
  - Form multi-extension FITS file and deliver to downstream



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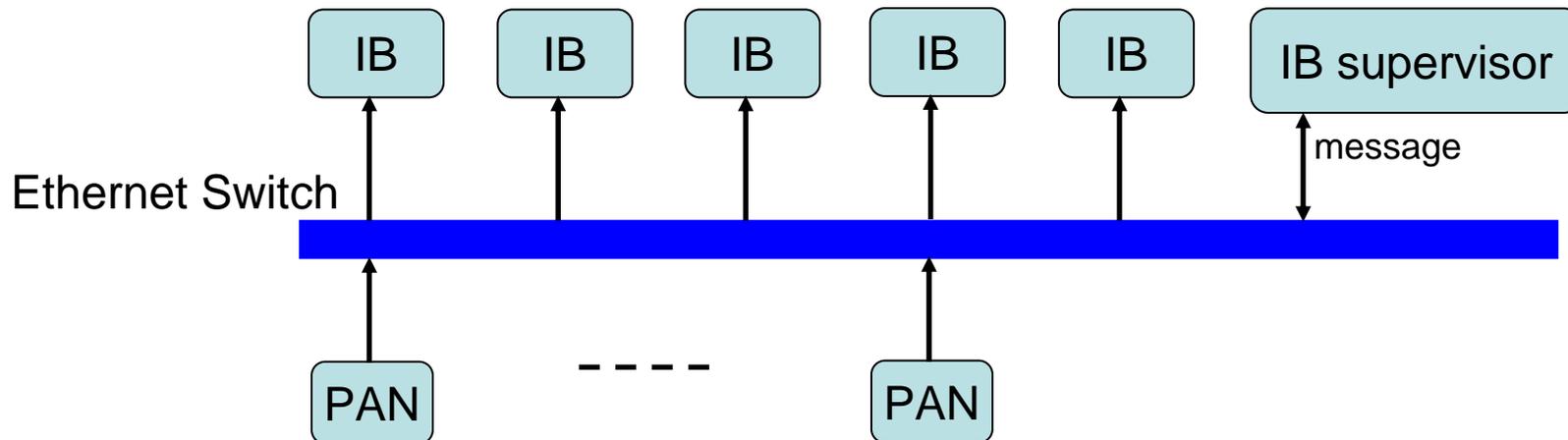
# Basic Idea

1. IB consists of a set of Linux boxes
2. One IB node assembles data from five science/focus PANs at any time
3. Current active IB node is determined by IB supervisor
4. Connection between PANs and IB are through TCP/IP sockets
5. IB is server; PANs are clients
6. Clients push the pixel data and metadata into IB
7. IB stuffs the data into the shared memory



# Architecture

- Image Builder Supervisor directs pixel data to one IB machine at any time



Data Flow





# Primary Processes in IB

## 1. collector:

- Listen to connection from clients (PANs)
- Stuff the pixel data into the shared memory cache
- Listen for commands from supervisor layer, reporting the current status

## 2. sharedMemoryManager:

- Organize the shared memory cache
- Reorient the memory page to account for CCD readout direction
- Provide access pointer for other processes

## 3. pixelFeed

- Gather global metadata from database
- Assemble image from the shared memory into FITS format
- Send file to DTS through sockets



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# Data Flow Testing (1)

- A toy model has been developed
- Client on (storm.des.hep.uiuc.edu) Pentium 4 Linux machine
- Server on (cyclone.des.hep.uiuc.edu) Pentium 4 Linux machine

Transferring data from half full PAN 18/2:

numCcd = 9;

nx = 2248; rows pixel

ny = 4146; columns pixel

4 bytes/pixel

Total data =  $2248 * 4146 * 4 * 9$   
= 335, 527, 488 bytes

The data is equivalent to 9 CCD pixel data with 4 bytes per pixel.



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## Data Flow Testing (2)

Ethernet switch 10Mb/100Mbps, Ethernet Adaptors (1Gbps)

Received data : **335, 527, 488 bytes**

Packet size (bytes)	Action	Trial 1 (sec)	Trial 2 (sec)	Trial 3 (sec)	Average (sec)	Average Rate (1/sec)
1024	Recv	29	28	29	29	11.57 Mbytes 92.56 Mbits
	&Save	81	81	81		
4096	Recv	28.52	28.15	27.84	28.17	11.91 MBytes 95.28 Mbits
	&Save	100	100	100		
8192	Recv	30.40	29.41	28.91	29.57	11.34 MBytes 90.7 Mbits
	&Save	100.13	104.88	102.89	102.63	

Estimation: Total time =  $(\sim 30 \times 2) / \text{PAN} \times 5 \text{ PANs} = 300 \text{ seconds with current switch.}$   
**Need a faster Ethernet switch to repeat the test!!!**



## Data Flow Testing (3)

- Two clients (tempest and storm sending data)
- One server (cyclone receiving data through two different ports)
- Tempest started the transferring 1 seconds earlier and finished in 31 seconds, with rate ~90Mbps
- Storm started the process late and the connection was set, but the transmission was almost halted, and continued after tempest was done
- Total time was doubled w.r.t. one client one server case.

	Tempest	Storm
Time for 9 CCD data	31 seconds	61 seconds



# Estimation of DHS node

- Assumptions

- 1 gigabit/second switch, actual 30% efficiency (conservative)
  - $R = 300$  bits/sec
- Pixel size per CCD ( $p = 2248 \times 4146 = 9,320,208$  pixels)
- 4 bytes per pixel ( $n = 4$ )
- 18 full size CCDs per PAN ( $C = 18$ )
- Total Bytes to transfer per PAN ( $B = p \times n \times C = 671,054,976$  bytes)
- Total 5 PANs ( $N = 5$ )
- Transfer time  $t_1 = B \times N / R = 90$  seconds ( $< 100$  sec Exposure) (OK!)
- Time for data operation (e.g. focus) in DHS  $t_2 = 200$  (s)
- Time for data output to DTS  $t_3 = 90$  (s)

$$\text{Node} = (90 + 200 + 90) / 100 = 4$$



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## Next Step



- Write Interface Control document
- Test the client code and implant it into MONSOON
  - Link the correct dhsUtil.lib in MONSOON which will send data to DHS (modify the monsoon library)
- Develop the server
  - Develop based on DHS software from NEWFIRM
- Design IB supervisor layer



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# Reference

- DES image builder design follows data handling system and data capture agency software in NEWFIRM project at NOAO
- In NEWFIRM, one Data Handling System matches one PAN
- The data are delivered to one Data Capture Agent machine to form multi extension FITS file