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Image Builder/Data Handling System Design

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Basic Structure

Image Builder/Data Handling System will consist of five nodes and a supervisor:

- DHS supervisor layer

- Maintain the current status information of DHS nodes
- Coordinate the connections between monsoon PANs and DHS node

- DHS

- Collect pixel data from science/focus PANs
- Combine pixel data with metadata
- Form multi-extension FITS file and deliver to downstream



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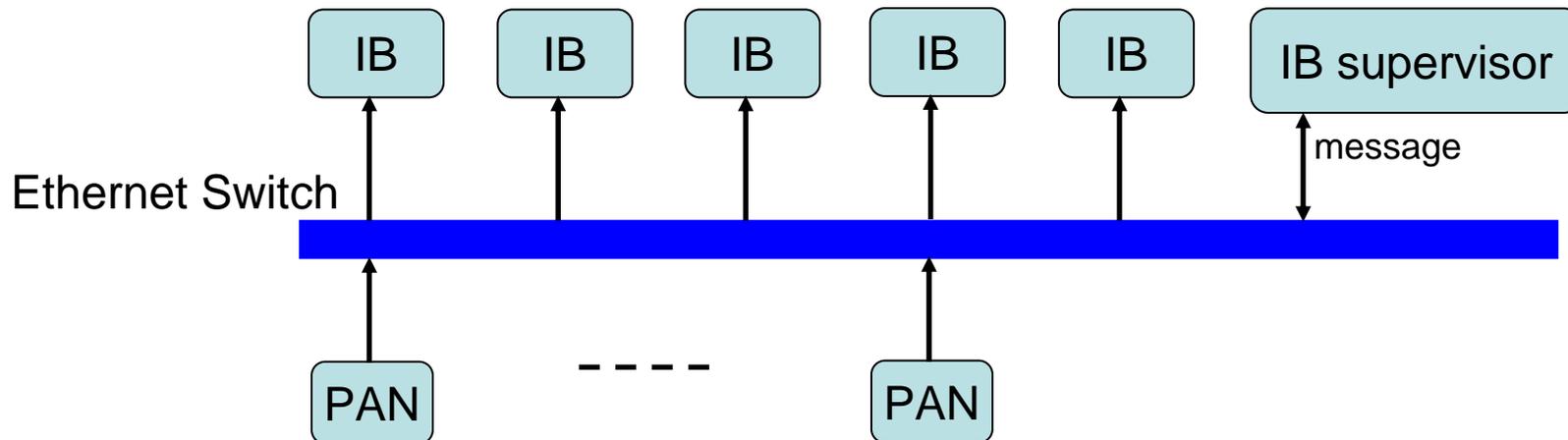
Basic Idea

1. DHS will consist of a set of Linux boxes
2. One DHS node assembles data from Five science/focus PANs at any time
3. Current active DHS node is determined by DHS supervisor
4. Connection between PANs and DHS are through TCP/IP sockets
5. DHS machine is server; PANs are clients
6. Clients push the pixel data and metadata into DHS
7. DHS stuffs the data into the shared memory



Architecture

- Image Builder Supervisor directs pixel data to one IB machine at any time



Data Flow





Primary Processes in DHS

1. collector:

- Listen to connection from clients (PANs)
- Stuff the pixel data into the shared memory cache
- Listen for commands from supervisor layer, reporting the current status

2. sharedMemoryManager:

- Organize the shared memory cache
- Reorient the memory page to account for CCD readout direction
- Provide access pointer for other processes

3. pixelFeed

- Gather global metadata from database
- Assemble image from the shared memory into FITS format
- Send file to DTS through sockets



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Data Flow Testing (1)

- A toy model has been developed
- Client on (storm.des.hep.uiuc.edu) Pentium 4 Linux machine
- Server on (cyclone.des.hep.uiuc.edu) Pentium 4 Linux machine

Transferring data from half full PAN 18/2:

numCcd = 9;

nx = 2248; rows pixel

ny = 4146; columns pixel

4 bytes/pixel

Total data = $2248 * 4146 * 4 * 9$
= 335, 527, 488 bytes

The data is equivalent to 9 CCD pixel data with 4 bytes per pixel.



Data Flow Testing (2)

Ethernet switch 10Mb/100Mbps, Ethernet Adaptors (?)

Received data : **335, 527, 488 bytes**

Packet size (bytes)	Action	Trial 1 (sec)	Trial 2 (sec)	Trial 3 (sec)	Average (sec)	Average Rate (1/sec)
1024	Recv	29	28	29	29	11.57 Mbytes 92.56 Mbits
	&Save	81	81	81		
4096	Recv	28.52	28.15	27.84	28.17	11.91 MBytes 95.28 Mbits
	&Save	100	100	100		
8192	Recv	30.40	29.41	28.91	29.57	11.34 MBytes 90.7 Mbits
	&Save	100.13	104.88	102.89	102.63	

Estimation: Total time = $(\sim 30 \times 2) / \text{PAN} \times 5 \text{ PANs} = 300 \text{ seconds with current switch.}$
Need a faster Ethernet switch to repeat the test!!!



Data Flow Testing (3)

- Two clients (tempest and storm sending data)
- One server (cyclone receiving data through two different ports)
- Tempest started the transferring 1 seconds earlier and finished in 31 seconds, with rate ~90Mbps
- Storm started the process late and the connection was set, but the transmission was almost halted, and continued after tempest was done
- Total time was doubled w.r.t. one client one server case.

	Tempest	Storm
Time for 9 CCD data	31 seconds	61 seconds



Estimation of DHS node

- Assumptions

- 1 gigabit/second switch, actual 30% efficiency (conservative)
 - $R = 300$ bits/sec
- Pixel size per CCD ($p = 2248 \times 4146 = 9,320,208$ pixels)
- 4 bytes per pixel ($n = 4$)
- 18 full size CCDs per PAN ($C = 18$)
- Total Bytes to transfer per PAN ($B = p \times n \times C = 671,054,976$ bytes)
- Total 5 PANs ($N = 5$)
- Transfer time $t_1 = B \times N / R = 90$ seconds (< 100 sec Exposure) (OK!)
- Time for data operation (e.g. focus) in DHS $t_2 = 200$ (s)
- Time for data output to DTS $t_3 = 90$ (s)

$$\text{Node} = (90 + 200 + 90) / 100 = 4$$



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Next Step

- Write Interface Control document
- Test the client code and implant it into MONSOON
 - Link the correct dhsUtil.lib in MONSOON which will send data to DHS (modify the monsoon library)
- Develop the server
 - Develop based on DHS software from NEWFIRM
- Design DHS supervisor layer



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Reference

- DES image builder design follows data handling system and data capture agency software in NEWFIRM project at NOAO
- In NEWFIRM, one DHS matches one PAN
- The data are delivered to one data capture agent machine to form multi extension FITS file